



The Third Islamic Conference of
MINISTERS IN CHARGE OF CHILDHOOD
*“Reinforcing Development: Meeting the Challenge
of Early Childhood Promotion in the Islamic World”*

Conference GUIDE

Tripoli, Great Socialist People's Libyan Arab Jamahiriya
7-11 February (Annouar) 2011



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THE ORGANIZATION OF THE ISLAMIC CONFERENCE (OIC)

Inception and objectives:

The Organization of the Islamic Conference (OIC) is the second largest inter-governmental organization after the United Nations. It has 57 Member States spread over four continents. The Organization is the collective voice of the Muslim world and is aimed to safeguard and protect the interests of the Muslim world in the spirit of promoting international peace and harmony among various people of the world. The Organization was established upon a decision of the historical summit which took place in Rabat, Kingdom of Morocco on 12th Rajab 1389 Hijra (25 September 1969) as a result of criminal arson of Al-Aqsa Mosque in occupied Jerusalem.

In 1970 the first ever meeting of Islamic Conference of Foreign Minister (ICFM), which was held in Jeddah, decided to establish a permanent secretariat in Jeddah headed by the organization's secretary general. Prof Ekmeleddin Ihsanoglu is the 9th Secretary General who assumed the office in January 2005 after being elected by the 31st ICFM.

Under the Charter, the Organization aims, inter alia, to:

- Enhance and consolidate the bonds of fraternity and solidarity among Member States;
- Safeguard and protect the common interests and support the legitimate causes of the Member States and coordinate and unify the efforts of the Member States in view of the challenges faced by the Islamic world in particular and the international community in general;
- Respect the right of self-determination and non-interference in the domestic affairs and to respect sovereignty, independence and territorial integrity of each Member State;
- Ensure active participation of the Member States in the global political, economic and social decision-making processes to secure their common interests;

- Reaffirm its support for the rights of peoples as stipulated in the UN Charter and international law;
- Strengthen intra-Islamic economic and trade cooperation; in order to achieve economic integration leading to the establishment of an Islamic Common Market;
- Exert efforts to achieve sustainable and comprehensive human development and economic well-being in Member States;
- Protect and defend the true image of Islam, to combat defamation of Islam and encourage dialogue among civilizations and religions;
- Enhance and develop science and technology and encourage research and cooperation among Member States in these fields;

In order to realize these objectives, Member States shall act, inter alia, in accordance with the following principles:

- All Member States commit themselves to the purposes and principles of the United Nations Charter;
- Member States are sovereign, independent and equal in rights and obligations;
- All Member States shall settle their disputes through peaceful means and refrain from use or threat of use of force in their relations;
- All Member States undertake to respect national sovereignty, independence and territorial integrity of other Member States and shall refrain from interfering in the internal affairs of others;
- Member States shall uphold and promote, at the national and international levels, good governance, democracy, human rights and fundamental freedoms, and the rule of law.

The Organization is composed of the following main bodies:

The **Islamic Summit**, composed of Kings and Heads of States and Governments of Member States, is the supreme authority of the Organization. It convenes once every three years to deliberate, take policy decisions and provide guidance on all issues pertaining to the realization of the objectives and consider other issues of concern to the Member States and the Ummah.

The **Council of Foreign Ministers**, which meets once a year, considers the means for the implementation of the general policy of the Organization by, inter alia:

- a. Adopting decisions and resolutions on matters of common interest in the implementation of the objectives and the general policy of the Organization;
- b. Reviewing progress of the implementation of the decisions and resolutions adopted at the previous Summits and Councils of Foreign Ministers;

The **General Secretariat**, which is the executive organ of the Organization, entrusted with the implementation of the decisions of the two preceding bodies.

LIST OF THE OIC MEMBER STATES

- 1- Republic of Azerbaijan
- 2- Hachemite Kingdom of Jordan
- 3- Islamic Republic of Afghanistan
- 4- Republic of Albania
- 5- State of the United Arab Emirates
- 6- Republic of Indonesia
- 7- Republic of Uzbekistan
- 8- Republic of Uganda
- 9- Islamic Republic of Iran
- 10- Islamic Republic of Pakistan
- 11- Kingdom of Bahrain
- 12- Sultanate of Brunei Darussalam
- 13- People's Republic of Bangladesh
- 14- Republic of Benin
- 15- Burkina Faso
- 16- Republic of Tajikistan
- 17- Republic of Turkey
- 18- Turkmenistan
- 19- Republic of Chad
- 20- Republic of Togo
- 21- Tunisian Republic
- 22- People's Democratic Republic of Algeria
- 23- Republic of Djibouti
- 24- Kingdom of Saudi Arabia
- 25- Republic of Sudan
- 26- Republic of Suriname
- 27- Syrian Arab Republic
- 28- Republic of Sierra Leone
- 29- Republic of Senegal
- 30- Republic of Somalia
- 31- Republic of Iraq
- 32- Sultanate of Oman
- 33- Republic of Gabon
- 34- Republic of the Gambia
- 35- Republic of Guyana
- 36- Republic of Guinea
- 37- Republic of Guinea-Bissau
- 38- State of Palestine
- 39- Republic of Kazakhstan
- 40- State of Qatar
- 41- Union of the Comoros
- 42- Republic of Kyrgyzstan
- 43- Republic of Cameroon
- 44- Republic of Côte d'Ivoire
- 45- State of Kuwait
- 46- Republic of Lebanon
- 47- Great Socialist People's Libyan Arab Jamahiriya
- 48- Republic of Maldives
- 49- Republic of Mali
- 50- Malaysia
- 51- Arab Republic of Egypt
- 52- Kingdom of Morocco
- 53- Islamic Republic of Mauritania
- 54- Republic of Mozambique
- 55- Republic of Niger
- 56- Federal Republic of Nigeria
- 57- Republic of Yemen

THE ISLAMIC EDUCATIONAL, SCIENTIFIC AND CULTURAL ORGANIZATION (ISESCO)

Inception and objectives:

The Islamic Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization -ISESCO- was set up upon approval by the 11th Islamic Conference of Foreign Ministers (Islamabad, Islamic Republic of Pakistan: 17-22 May 1980) of the Statutes of the Organization, crowning the efforts of the Organization of the Islamic Conference towards setting up an international Islamic organization specialised in education, science and culture. There finally came the decision of the 3rd Islamic Summit Conference (Makkah Al-Mukarramah and Taef, Kingdom of Saudi Arabia: 25-28 January 1981) to establish the Islamic Organization (ISESCO), whereby the Founding General Conference of ISESCO was held in Fez, Kingdom of Morocco, in May 1982.

The General Conference re-elected Dr Abdulaziz Othman Altwaijri Director General of ISESCO at its tenth session.

ISESCO has the following objectives:

- a- To strengthen, promote and consolidate cooperation among the Member States in the fields of education, science, culture and communication, as well as to develop and upgrade these fields, within the framework of the civilizational frame of reference of the Islamic world and in the light of the human Islamic values and ideals.
- b- To consolidate understanding among peoples inside and outside the Member States and to contribute towards the establishment of world peace and security through various means, particularly through education, science, culture and communication.
- c- To publicize the correct image of Islam and Islamic culture, to promote dialogue among civilizations, cultures and religions, and to work towards spreading the values of justice and peace along with the principles of freedom and human rights, in accordance with the Islamic civilizational perspective.

- d- To encourage cultural interaction and to support its variant aspects in the Member States, while preserving the cultural identity and protecting intellectual autonomy.
- e- To consolidate complementarity and coordination among the specialized institutions of the Organization of the Islamic Conference in education, science, culture and communication as well as among the Member States of ISESCO, and to promote cooperation and partnership with the similar governmental and non-governmental institutions sharing the same interest inside and outside the Member States.
- f- To further interest in the Islamic culture, while highlighting its specificities and publicizing its landmarks by the means of intellectual studies, scientific researches and educational curricula.
- g- To work towards establishing complementarity and correlation between the educational systems in the Member States.
- h- To support the efforts of the educational, scientific and cultural institutions for Muslims in non-Member States of ISESCO.

Organs of ISESCO

The General Conference:

The General Conference is composed of the representatives of the Member States of ISESCO who are appointed by their governments among officials serving in the fields of education, science, culture and communication. It convenes its meetings in a regular session once every three years, and may meet in a special session.

The Executive Council:

It is composed of one representative for each Member State appointed by their governments among qualified experts in education, science, culture and

communication, with necessary experience and capability of shouldering the tasks lying with the Council. Every Member State may change its representative at any time.

The General Directorate:

It is headed by a Director General whom the General Conference elects for a three-year term of office, renewable only twice, upon a proposal by the Executive Council. The Director General is the head of the administrative setup of ISESCO and is accountable to the Executive Council and the General Conference. He has direct authority over the entire staff of the General Directorate.

ISESCO's Contact Details

Avenue des FAR-Hay Ryad
P.O. Box. 2275, Poste Code. 10104 – Rabat – Kingdom of Morocco
Tel: +212 (0) 537 56 60 52/ 53
Fax: +212 (0) 537 56 60 12/ 13
Website: www.isesco.org.ma
E-mail: isesco@isesco.org.ma

Information Division

Fax: +212 (0) 537 71 71 47 21 / +212 (0) 537 77 15 32 70
E-mail: press@isesco.org.ma

Education Directorate

Email: education@isesco.org.ma

Science Directorate

Email: sciences@isesco.org.ma

Culture and Communication Directorate

Email: culture@isesco.org.ma

External Relations and Cooperation Directorate

Email: coop@isesco.org.ma

Planning, Information and Documentation Centre

Email: cpid@isesco.org.ma

Contact details of Regional Offices

ISESCO Regional Office in Sharjah

E-mail: isesco@emirates.org.ae
Website: www.isesco.org.ae
Address: PO Box 24244, Emirate of Sharjah,
State of the United Arab Emirates

ISESCO Regional Office in Tehran

E-mail: isesco@isesco-tehran.org
Address: ISESCO Regional Office in Tehran, IRANSHAHR AVE,1-2, KaL
ANTARI St, Islamic Republic of Iran

ISESCO Educational Centre in Chad

Centre pédagogique de l'ISESCO au Tchad
E-mail: isescotchad@yahoo.fr
Address: P.O. Box 5140, N'Djamena, Republic of Chad

ISESCO Delegation to the Comoros

Délégation de l'ISESCO aux Comores
Address:
P.O. Box 1368, Moroni, Union des Comores

THE GENERAL PEOPLE’S COMMITTEE FOR SOCIAL AFFAIRS IN THE GREAT JAMAHIRIYA

Considering that social action is an organized collective effort aimed at ensuring social progress and handling all social problems, and based on the Great Al-Fateh Revolution’s vow in its First Communiqué to establish a “[republic] from which shall be banished injustice and exploitation, and where no one shall be either master or servant, where everyone shall be free brothers, within a society where shall prevail prosperity and equality, by the grace of God”; along with the ideas laid out in the Social Section of the Third Universal Theory and the Grand Green Charter for Human Rights in the Jamahiryian Era, which affirm the right of every individual to be born into a family where motherhood, fatherhood and brotherhood are offered to him, and emphasize that a child must be raised by his mother, that “the social factor (...) is the dynamic force of human history”, that the prosperous society is that in which the individual grows naturally, and that “society is the guardian of children who have neither family nor shelter,”

The General People’s Congress (forum of the basic people’s congresses) issued, on 6 Safar 1374 DP/5 March 2006 AD, Resolution No.4 for 1374 DP/2006 AD, wherein it defines the sectors to be run by the general people’s committees, including the General People’s Committee for Social Affairs (GPCSA) whose functions are as follows:

- To execute the relevant policies and plans, design the necessary programmes for the enforcement of the laws and resolutions issued by the basic people’s congresses on social issues, in a rational way that helps achieve society’s objectives, and ensure the follow-up of the enforcement of such policies and plans;
- To implement the legislation pertaining to the Social Solidarity Fund and the Retirement Fund, and supervise the Waqf, Zakat, Hajj and Umrah affairs;

- To see to the enforcement of all legislation on children and family affairs;
- To conduct social studies and research aimed at developing social action, encourage studies and research on children and the family and support researchers in this regard;
- To supervise, support and develop community associations specialized in social welfare in such a way as to align their action with the policies and objectives adopted by the basic people's congresses;
- To organize symposia, forums and conferences on children and family issues in the Great Jamahiriya, and participate in similar events abroad;
- To ensure access to soft loans for the disabled to help them engage, either as individuals or as groups, in professional or business activities corresponding to their capacities and abilities;
- To protect and rehabilitate juvenile delinquents, and carry out relief and aid operations during disasters and emergencies;
- To propose, in accordance with the legislation in force, pensions as well as special and additional allocations to citizens who have performed meritorious services to the nation;
- To provide technical advice to the relevant authorities on international conventions and on the Great Jamahiriya's accession to regional and international organizations specialized in social welfare; and
- To collaborate with the competent authorities in charge of education and training, inside and outside the Great Jamahiriya, with the aim of training national disability services staff, and cooperate with the relevant countries as well as Arab and international organizations.

The following bodies and institutions report to the GPCSA:

- The General Authority for Endowments and Zakat Affairs;
- The General Authority for the Social Solidarity Fund
- The Retirement Fund,

- The Office of Hajj and Umrah
- The Centre for Social Studies,
- The Information and Documentation Centre
- Janzour Rehabilitation Centre for the Disabled
- The National Committee for the Welfare of the Elderly
- Benghazi Rehabilitation Centre for the Disabled
- Al-Fateh Complex for Comprehensive Social Welfare
- The National Committee for the Welfare of the Disabled
- Al Wafa Nursing Home for the Elderly and the Disabled
- The National Committee for Child Welfare

**CONTACT DETAILS OF THE GENERAL PEOPLE'S
COMMITTEE FOR SOCIAL AFFAIRS IN THE GREAT
JAMAHIRIYA**

Tel: +218 214 631 056 / +218 214 631 053

Fax: +218 213 509 560

E-mail: aalajale@yahoo.com

SESSIONS OF THE ISLAMIC CONFERENCE OF MINISTERS IN CHARGE OF CHILDHOOD

The First Islamic Conference of Ministers in Charge of Childhood

The First Islamic Conference of Ministers in Charge of Childhood was held in Rabat, Kingdom of Morocco, in 7-8 November 2005.

The Second Islamic Conference of Ministers in Charge of Childhood

The Second Islamic Conference of Ministers in Charge of Childhood was held in Khartoum, Republic of Sudan, in 2-3 February 2009.

DRAFT AGENDA

Item number and title	Document number
1.1 Draft Agenda	ICMCC-3/2011/1.1
1.2 Draft Programme	ICMCC-3/2011/1.2
1.3 Composition of the Conference Bureau	ICMCC-3/2011/1.3
2.1 Draft document on : “The State of the Child in the Islamic World: Overview of Recent Progress and Remaining Challenges”	ICMCC-3/2011/2.1
2.2 The Conference’s Main Document: “Accelerating Early Childhood Development in the Islamic World”	ICMCC-3/2011/2.2
2.3 Draft Preliminary Document on the “Laws on the Protection of Child Rights and their Enforcement Mechanisms in the Islamic World”	ICMCC-3/2011/2.3
2.4 Draft Legal Framework for the Establishment of ISESCO Forum for Children of the Islamic World	ICMCC-3/2011/2.4
2.5 Statements and reports of the heads of delegations	ICMCC-3/2011/2.5
3.1 Venue and date of the 4th session of the Conference	ICMCC-3/2011/3.1

DRAFT PROGRAMME OF THE SENIOR EXPERTS' PREPARATORY MEETING

7-8 FEBRUARY (ANNOUAR) 2011

Day 1: Monday 7 February (Annouar) 2011

10:00 - 11:00 Opening session

11:00 - 11:30 Break

11:30 - 13:30 First working session

- **Procedural Session**
Overview of the Conference's Main Document:
"Accelerating Early Childhood Development in the Islamic World"
- Presentation of the Health Axis in the Main Document
- Discussion

13:30-16:00: Lunch/break

16:00-17:30: Second working session

- Presentation of the Education Axis in the Main Document
- Discussion

Day 2: Tuesday 8 February (Annouar) 2011

09:00-10:30: Third working session

- Presentation of the Social Axis in the Main Document
- Discussion
- Examining a Draft Resolution on the Conference's Main Document

10:30-11:00: Break

11:00-12:30: Fourth Working Session

- Presentation of the Draft “**Preliminary Document on the Laws on the Protection of Child Rights and their Enforcement Mechanisms in the Islamic World**”
- Discussion
- Examining a Draft Resolution on the Preliminary Document on the Laws on the Protection of Child Rights and their Enforcement Mechanisms in the Islamic World

12:30-15:00: Lunch/Break

15:00-16:00: Fifth Working Session

- Presentation of the Document: “Legal Framework of ISESCO Forum for Children of the Islamic World”
- Discussion
- Examining a Draft Resolution on the Legal Framework of ISESCO’s Forum for Children of the Islamic World

16:00-16:30: Break

16:30-18:00: Closing Session

- Adoption of the draft resolutions to be submitted to the Ministerial Conference
- Closing Statements

**DRAFT PROGRAMME OF THE MINISTERIAL CONFERENCE
10-11 FEBRUARY (ANNOUAR) 2011**

Thursday 10 February (Annouar) 2011

10:00 - 11:00 Official Opening Session

11:00 - 11:30 Reception Ceremony

11:30 - 14:00 First working session

- **Adoption of the Draft Agenda**
Document (ICMCC-3/2011/1.1)
Draft Resolution (ICMCC-3/2011/D.R.1.1)
- **Adoption of the Draft Programme**
Document (ICMCC-3/2011/1.2)
Draft Resolution (ICMCC-3/2011/D.R.1.2)
- **Composition of the Conference Bureau**
Document (ICMCC-3/2011/1.3)
Draft Resolution (ICMCC-3/2011/D.R.1.3)
- **Presentation of the Document:**
**“The State of the Child in the Islamic World:
Overview of Recent Progress and Remaining Challenges”**
Document (ICMCC-3/2011/2.1)
Draft Resolution (ICMCC-3/2011/D.R.2.1)
- **Presentation of the Executive Summary of the
Conference’s Main Document: “Accelerating Early
Childhood Development in the Islamic World”**
Document (ICMCC-3/2011/2.2)
Draft Resolution (ICMCC-3/2011/D.R.2.2)
- **Review of the “ Draft Preliminary Document on the
Laws on the Protection of Child Rights and their
Enforcement Mechanisms in the Islamic World”**

Document (ICMCC-3/2011/2.3)
Draft Resolution (ICMCC-3/2011/D.R.2.3)

- **Review of the “Draft Legal Framework for the Establishment of ISESCO Forum for Children of the Islamic World”**

Document (ICMCC-3/2011/2.4)
Draft Resolution (ICMCC-3/2011/D.R.2.4)

14:00-16:00: Lunch/Break

16:00-19:00: Second working session

- Statements and Reports of Heads of Delegations

20:00: Official Dinner

Friday 11 February (Annouar) 2011

09:00-13:00: Third working session

- Statements and Reports of Heads of Delegations (contd.)
- Venue and date of the 4th session of the Conference
Draft Resolution (ICMCC-3/2011/D.R.3.1)

13:00-18:00: Lunch/Break

18:00-19:00: Closing session

- Adoption of the Conference’s resolutions
- Adoption of the “**Tripoli Declaration on Accelerating Early Childhood Development in the Islamic World for Sustainable Development**”
- Closing statements

THE CONFERENCE'S ORGANIZING COMMITTEE

Organizing Committee	Member	Phone
From the Great Jamahiriya	Mr Ibrahim Adessalam Ibrahim (President)	00218913202756
	Dr Khaled Ali Daw' (Vice-president)	00218914219677
	Mr Ali Ahmed Salem (Member and Rapporteur)	00218913201291
	Dr Ali Issa Mohamed (Member)	00218912159109
	Mr Nouri Faraj Kouider (Member)	00218913190455
	Mr Fawzi Abdessalam Al Taleb (Member)	00218913704524
	Mr Mohamed Miloud al Chaqi (Member)	00218912147236
From ISESCO	Mr Najib Rhiati	
	Mr Ahmed Said Ould Bah	
	Mr Mustapha Eid	
	Mr Mohammed Bensalah	
	Dr Mohamed Ali Chankir	

GENERAL INFORMATION ON THE GREAT SOCIALIST PEOPLE'S LIBYAN ARAB JAMAHIRIYA

The government type in Libya is the Jamahiriya system which allows the people to exercise power through popular conferences, popular committees, trade unions and professional bodies.

Location:	Longitude 25.9 degrees East and Latitude 33.18 degrees North
Continent:	Africa
Total area:	1,775.500 sq km
Borders:	North: the Mediterranean Sea South: Niger and Chad West: Tunisia and Algeria East: Egypt and Sudan
Official language:	Arabic
Entry visa:	Through people's offices abroad or through Tripoli International Airport
Religion:	Islam
Currency:	Libyan Dinar (LD) = 1000 dirhams
Libya Time Difference:	GMT + 2
Coasts:	Approximately 2000 km. It is located on Sirte Gulf, one of the biggest gulfs in the world.
Territorial waters:	12 nautical miles
Climate:	Influenced by the desert to the south and the Mediterranean Sea to the north.
Airports:	Tripoli International Airport, Mitiga Airport in Tripoli, Benina International Airport in Benghazi, Misurata Airport, Ghadames

Major ports:	Airport, La Abraaq Airport, Sirte Airport, Sabha Airport, Tobruk Airport, Ghat Airport, Kufra Airport.
Main cities:	Tripoli, Benghazi, Misurata, Al Khoms, Tobruk, Ras Lanuf, Zwara, Elbrega, Darna.
Archaeological sites:	5 archaeological sites in Libya are included in UNESCO World Heritage List. These sites are Cyrene (Shahhat), Leptis Magna, Sabratha, Old Town of Ghadames and the Rock-art Sites of Tadrart Acacus.
Major museums:	Jamahiriya Museum (Al-Saraya al-Hamra) in Tripoli, Leptis Magna Museum, Sabratha Museum, Cyrene Museum.
Main oases:	Ghadames, Jalu and Ujla, Al-Kufra, Hun, Ghat.
Electric voltage:	220v
Working days:	Every day, apart from Friday and Saturday.

LIST OF THE ISLAMIC COUNTRIES' EMBASSIES IN THE GREAT JAMAHIRIYA

Embassy of Sudan	4772728
Embassy of Morocco	3617808
Embassy of Yemen	3615996
Embassy of Saudi Arabia	3330485
Embassy of Jordan	3614761
Embassy of Mauritania	4443646
General Delegation of the Tunisian Republic	3331051
Embassy of Palestine	3339971
Embassy of Qatar	4832432
Embassy of Kuwait	4440281
Embassy of Lebanon	3615744
Embassy of Algeria	4447072
Embassy of Pakistan	
Embassy of the United Arab Emirates	4832595
Embassy of Somalia	4774764
Embassy of Burkina Faso	4777824
Embassy of the Republic of Chad	4443955
Embassy of Niger	3608990
Embassy of Ghana	4444256
Embassy of Togo	4447551
Embassy of Nigeria	4443036
Embassy of Benin	4837663
Embassy of Mali	3331304
Embassy of Guinea	4772793
Embassy of Turkey	3337735
Embassy of Afghanistan	4775192
Embassy of Iran	3615685
Embassy of Bangladesh	4911199
Embassy of Malaysia	4830854
Embassy of the Comoros	4839944
Office of Syrian Relations	3337955
Office of the Republic of Egypt to follow-up on Egyptian-Lybian relations	4444945

HOTELS AND TOURIST VILLAGES IN TRIPOLI

Hotel	Phone
Corinthia Bab Africa Hotel	0213351990
Al Mahari Hotel	0213334090
Grand Hotel (Funduq Al-Kebir)	0214445950
Al Waddan Hotel	021333004
Bab Al Bahr Hotel	0213350676
Al Wahat Hotel	0213334061
Qasr Libya Hotel	021333118
Mediterranean Hotel	021606240
El Jawda Hotel	0214449458
Gargaresh Tourist Village	021477431

VENUE OF THE CONFERENCE

Corinthia Bab Africa Hotel

Address: Tripoli

Tel: 0213351990

HOTELS FOR THE PARTICIPANTS IN THE CONFERENCE

Corinthia Bab Africa Hotel

Address: Tripoli

Tel: (218) 213351990

Al Mahari Hotel

Address: Tripoli

Tel: (218) 213407878

AIRLINE OFFICES

Airline	Address	Phone
Libyan Arab Airlines	Haiti Street - Tripoli	3616739
Afriqiyah Airways	Grand Hotel	4442622
Buraq Air	Omar Al Mokhtar Street/ Emhemed Magharief Street	3333354
Air Algérie	Emhemed Magharief Street	4444016
Royal Air Maroc	Al Fateh Tower	3350111
Sudan Airways	Al Fateh Tower	335170
Saudi Arabian Airlines	Emhemed Magharief Street	4446468
Tunis Air	Haiti Street	3336303
Egypt Air	1 st September Street	3335781
Syrian Airlines	Baladia Street	4446715
Royal Jordanian	Emhemed Magharief Street	4441565
Austrian Airlines	Dat Alimad	3350214
Bulgarian Airways	Baladia Street	4444488
Lufthansa	Al Fateh Tower	3350715
Turkish Airlines	Al Fateh Tower	3351353
Swiss Airlines	Al Fateh Tower	3350471
KLM	Al Fateh Tower	3350018
JAT Airways	Al Fateh Tower	3336581
Alitalia	Dat Alimad	3336571
Emirates	Al Fateh Tower	3351277
Qatar Airways	Al Fateh Tower	3351810
Air Malta	Al Fateh Tower	33505

CURRENCY EXCHANGE RATE FOR LIBYAN DINAR

Currency	Buy	Sell
US Dollars	1.246300	1.252500
Euro	1.659000	1.667400
UK Pounds	1.986500	1.996500
Canadian Dollars	1.264900	1.271200
Australian Dollars	1.238400	1.244600
Swiss Francs	1.296400	1.302900
Swedish Kronor	0.186200	0.187200
Norway Kronor	0.213000	0.214100
Denish Kronor	0.222700	0.223800
YEN 100	1.510000	1.517600
Saudi Riyals	0.332300	0.334000
UAE Dirhams	0.339300	0.341000
Tunisian Dinar	0.865200	0.869600
Algerian Dinar (10)	0.169400	0.170200
Moroccan Dirham	0.148500	0.149300
Mauritanian ouguiya 100	0.435800	0.438000
African Francs (100)	0.252500	0.253700
Turkish Lira	0.808000	0.812000
Russian Ruble (10)	0.416200	0.418300

DESERT RESORTS

Twiba camp	Germa (Ayrawan camp- Tasili camp- Watout Camp)
Ubari	(Addawliya Lilmanafiz camp- Refaq Assahra- Fezzan-Libya Assahira) Annajaä Twiwa- Qasr Al Hamra Tguerguiba (Afriqia camp) Qabar Awon (Qabar Awon camp)
Ghat	(Arramla camp- the antique village - Refaq Assahra) Akakus (Afriqia camps- Dar Sahara camp)

DISTANCE BETWEEN TRIPOLI AND SOME LIBYAN CITIES

Tripoli	Benghazi	1050 km East
Tripoli	Sebha	750 km South
Tripoli	Ghadamis	611 km Southeast
Tripoli	Misratah	210 km East
Tripoli	Al Khums	120 km East
Tripoli	Zliten	160 km East
Tripoli	Sirte	450 km East
Tripoli	Al Zawia	47 km East
Tripoli	Sabratah	75 km West

PRAYER TIMES DURING THE CONFERENCE

Prayer times in the city of Tripoli on 6-12 February (Annouar) 2011

Days	Imsak	Dawn	Sunrise	Dhuhr	Asr	Maghrib	Isha
06/02	06:22	06:32	07:58	13:25	16:21	18:47	20:09
07/02	06:22	06:32	07:57	13:25	16:22	18:48	20:10
08/02	06:21	06:31	07:57	13:25	16:23	18:49	20:11
09/02	06:20	06:30	07:56	13:25	16:23	18:50	20:12
10/02	06:19	06:30	07:55	13:25	16:24	18:51	20:12
11/02	06:19	06:29	07:54	13:25	16:25	18:52	20:13
12/02	06:18	06:28	07:53	13:25	16:25	18:53	20:14